

Key information

Bought and sold from Kernel directly or via all major wrap platforms

Structure: Portfolio Investment Entity (PIE)

Fund Inception: 28 August 2019

Number of constituents: 20

Morningstar AU Fund code: 24492

Morningstar Code: F00001461X

Citi Code: T13P

Disclose Register #: FND15841

Total fund value: \$112,172,124

Distribution frequency: Quarterly

12 month Yield¹: 2.86%

Indicative Dividend²: 2.75%

Management fee: 0.25% p.a.

Offer documents³

PDS: November 2024

SIPO: November 2024

ESG Policy: April 2024

Fund Update: December 2024

Index fundamentals

Index: S&P/NZX 20 Index

Price to Book: 2.05

Trailing P/E: 93.24

Projected P/E: 29.51

Implied Earnings Yield: 3.39%

Risk (index data)

Fund update risk Indicator: 5

12 month volatility⁴: 12.01%

Monthly returns standard deviation

	+/-1 (68%)	+/-2 (95%)
1 year	1.98%	3.97%
3 years	3.17%	6.34%
5 years	3.54%	7.08%

Range of 12 month index returns

	1 year	5 years
Worst	-2.49%	-15.41%
Median	5.74%	8.67%
Average	7.21%	12.87%
Best	21.04%	65.33%

Fund overview

The Fund provides investors with a diversified exposure across a range of sectors including utilities, real estate, telecommunications, and healthcare to 20 of the largest companies listed in New Zealand. Large and liquid, many of these companies export globally and collectively account for over 80% of the value of the entire investable NZ stock market.

Benefits

The NZ 20 Fund can be used in a variety of investment strategies, for example:

- A core allocation to NZ equities
- A tactical exposure to NZ blue-chips
- A low-cost alternative to other active managers

Performance⁵

	1 month	3 months	1 year	3 years p.a.	5 years p.a.	10 years p.a. index
Index total return	-1.30%	2.28%	9.29%	5.12%	3.59%	10.42%*
Fund gross return	-1.30%	2.30%	9.54%	5.25%	3.75%	
Gross tracking difference	+0.00%	+0.02%	+0.25%	+0.13%	+0.16%	
Performance (after fees at 0% PIR tax)	-1.33%	2.22%	9.22%	4.93%	3.37%	
Performance (after fees at 28% PIR tax)	-1.32%	2.15%	8.31%	4.00%	2.55%	

*Index returns do not reflect deductions for charges and taxes.

Index calendar return

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
4.49%	-8.29%	-1.50%	17.26%	34.83%

Index value chart

\$10,000 invested 5 years ago⁶: \$11,926



— S&P/NZX 20 Index Gross with Imputation

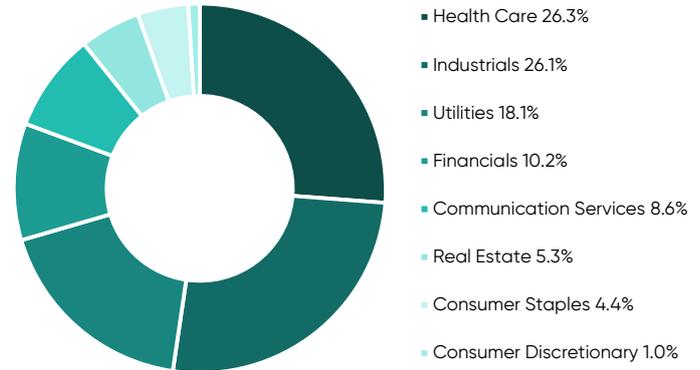
Where does the fund invest?

This shows the country weight that the fund invests in:



What does the fund invest in?

This shows the GICS⁷ weighting for the fund:



Asset allocation

Asset	% of fund NAV
Cash and cash equivalents	0.00%
Australasian equities	100.00%

Index eligibility criteria

The S&P/NZX 20 Index comprises 20 of the largest and most liquid securities on the NZX Main Board (NZSX). Dual and overseas listings are eligible. There are relative and absolute liquidity requirements to ensure that only stocks that are regularly traded are included. The index is weighted by float-adjusted market capitalization, to a maximum weight of 15% at rebalancing reference dates.

Top 10 investments

Company		% of fund NAV
Fisher & Paykel Healthcare	NZ	14.84%
Auckland Intl. Airport	NZ	13.72%
Infratil	NZ	10.23%
Meridian Energy	NZ	7.12%
Contact Energy	NZ	7.01%
EBOS	NZ	6.03%
Mainfreight	NZ	5.82%
Spark New Zealand	NZ	5.07%
The a2 Milk Company	NZ	4.40%
Mercury NZ	NZ	4.00%

The Top 10 investments make up 78.25% of the fund

Further information

The information is not investment advice. Kernel has taken reasonable steps to ensure that the information in this document is accurate and up-to-date. Kernel does not accept any responsibility for any error or omission or for any loss resulting from the use of this information, except to the extent required by law.

- 12 month Yield is the last 4 quarterly distributions divided by unit price 12 months ago. This is the experience an existing investor would have had.
- Indicative Dividend is the index calculation of the underlying dividends in the last 12 months divided by the current valuation.
- The offer documents are available at www.kernelwealth.co.nz
- 12 month volatility is the standard deviation of daily returns, annualised by multiplying by square root of number of periods.
- Performance assumes distributions reinvested. Gross tracking difference is before fees, expenses and tax. Rounding may cause a difference of 0.01%.
- Growth of a hypothetical investment in the index (no allowance for fees or taxes) and no further contributions.
- Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS)