

Summary of changes

Introduction

This resource outlines the changes we have made to the AS Psychology (7181) specification.

In response to teacher feedback and earlier exam dates, we have made some updates to our AS Psychology specification for first teaching in September 2025.

The purpose of the updates is to:

- reduce the overall specification content
- provide teachers and learners with greater clarity about the specification content
- update the language used to be more reflective of society.

This resource has been created to provide a summary of the updates made. Only changes to the subject content are listed in the summary. No other changes have been made to the specification.

New specification content

There is one new addition to specification content. A summary of the topics with new content is below:

Research methods.

© 2024 AQA 1 of 10

The changes have been coded as follows:

Change to the specification	This means	Coding	Impact on teaching and learning
Removed	Specification content has been removed.	Strikethrough	No longer a requirement to teach. Review planning and teaching materials in light of change.
Reworded	Change to the terminology used in the specification.	Italics	Amend teaching resources to reflect the new terminology used in the updated specification. No change to specification content.
Reordered	The order of bullet points or the positioning of specification content has changed.	Bold	May impact planning, SOW and order of delivery of the specification content.

Contents

You can use the title links to jump directly to the different sections of this Summary of changes.

	Page
Paper 1 (7182/1) Introductory topics in Psychology	3
Paper 2 (7182/2) Psychology in context	6

© 2024 AQA 2 of 10

Paper 1 (7181/1): Introductory topics in Psychology

Paper 1 Current specification content	Paper 1 Updates to specification content
 Social influence Types of conformity: internalisation, identification, and compliance. Explanations for conformity: informational social influence and normative social influence, and variables affecting conformity including group size, unanimity and task difficulty as investigated by Asch. Conformity to social roles as investigated by Zimbardo. Explanations for obedience: agentic state and legitimacy of authority, and situational variables affecting obedience including proximity and location, as investigated by Milgram, and uniform. Dispositional explanation for obedience: the Authoritarian Personality. Explanations of resistance to social influence, including social support and locus of control. Minority influence including reference to consistency, commitment and flexibility. The role of social influence processes in social change. 	The following specification content is: Removed • 'Identification' as a type of conformity. • Conformity to social roles as investigated by Zimbardo. • Role of social influence processes in social change.

© 2024 AQA 3 of 10

Paper 1 Current specification content	Paper 1 Updates to specification content
 Memory The multi-store model of memory: sensory register, short-term memory and long-term memory. Features of each store: coding, capacity and duration. Types of long-term memory: episodic, semantic, procedural. The working memory model: central executive, phonological loop, 	 The following specification content is Removed Types of long-term memory episodic, semantic, procedural. References to 'misleading information' and 'improving the accuracy of eyewitness testimony.'
 visuo-spatial sketchpad and episodic buffer. Features of the model: coding and capacity. Explanations for forgetting proactive and retroactive interference and retrieval failure due to absence of cues. 	 Reordered The use of the cognitive interview has been moved to the end of the previous bullet point (factors affecting eyewitness)
 Factors affecting the accuracy of eyewitness testimony: misleading information, including leading questions and post- event discussion; anxiety. Improving the accuracy of eyewitness testimony, including the use of the cognitive interview. 	testimony). This now reads: o Factors affecting the accuracy of eyewitness testimony: leading questions, post-event discussion; anxiety; the use of cognitive interview.

© 2024 AQA 4 of 10

Paper 1 Current specification content	Paper 1 Updates to specification content
 Caregiver-infant interactions in humans: reciprocity and interactional synchrony. Stages of attachment identified by Schaffer. Multiple attachments and the role of the father. Animal studies of attachment: Lorenz and Harlow. Explanations of attachment: learning theory and Bowlby's monotropic theory. The concepts of a critical period and an internal working model. Ainsworth's 'Strange Situation.' Types of attachment: secure, insecure-avoidant and insecure-resistant. Cultural variations in attachment, including van ljzendoorn. Bowlby's theory of maternal deprivation. Romanian orphan studies: effects of institutionalisation. The influence of early attachment on childhood and adult relationships, including the role of an internal working model. 	 Removed Caregiver-infant interactions in humans: reciprocity and interactional synchrony. Stages of attachment identified by Schaffer. Multiple attachments and the role of the father. Reworded 'Romanian orphan studies' changed to 'English and Romanian Adoptees project'. Reordered English and Romanian Adoptees project will now appear after the 'effects of institutionalisation'. This now reads: Bowlby's theory of maternal deprivation. Effects of institutionalisation, including the English and Romanian Adoptees project.

© 2024 AQA 5 of 10

Paper 2 (7181/2): Psychology in context

Paper 2 Current specification content	Paper 2 Updates to specification content
 Approaches in Psychology Origins of Psychology: Wundt, introspection and the emergence of Psychology as a science. The basic assumptions of the following approaches: Learning approaches: i) the behaviourist approach, including classical conditioning and Pavlov's research, operant conditioning, types of reinforcement and Skinner's research; ii) social learning theory including imitation, identification, modelling, vicarious reinforcement, the role of mediational processes and Bandura's research. 	 The following specification content is: Removed Origins of Psychology: Wundt, introspection and the emergence of Psychology as a science. 'modelling'. 'The emergence of removed from 'cognitive neuroscience', now simply 'Cognitive neuroscience'. 'Influence of genes' removed from the biological approach.
The cognitive approach: the study of internal mental processes, the role of schema, the use of theoretical and computer models to explain and make inferences about mental processes. The emergence of cognitive neuroscience.	 Reworded Theoretical and computer models no longer referenced separately. Changed to 'the use of models'.
 The biological approach: the influence of genes, biological structures and neurochemistry on behaviour. Genotype and phenotype, genetic basis of behaviour, evolution and behaviour. 	 Reordered Cognitive neuroscience remains and is now incorporated into the biological approach (The emergence of removed). Biological approach content restructured and 'influence of genes' removed as redundant. This now reads:
 3.2.1.1 Biopsychology The divisions of the nervous system: central and peripheral (somatic and autonomic). 	 The biological approach: the genetic basis of behaviour: genotype, phenotype and evolution. Influence of biological structures and neurochemistry on behaviour. Cognitive neuroscience.

© 2024 AQA 6 of 10

Paper 2 Current specification content	Paper 2 Updates to specification content
The structure and function of sensory, relay and motor neurons. The process of synaptic transmission, including reference to neurotransmitters, excitation and inhibition.	
The function of the endocrine system: glands and hormones.	
The fight or flight response including the role of adrenalin.	
Psychopathology	Clinical Psychology and Mental Health
 Definitions of abnormality, including deviation from social norms, failure to function adequately, statistical infrequency and deviation from ideal mental health. The behavioural, emotional and cognitive characteristics of phobias, depression and obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD). The behavioural approach to explaining and treating phobias: the two-process model, including classical and operant conditioning; systematic desensitisation, including relaxation and use of hierarchy; flooding. The cognitive approach to explaining and treating depression: Beck's negative triad and Ellis's ABC model; cognitive behaviour therapy (CBT), including challenging irrational thoughts. The biological approach to explaining and treating OCD: genetic and neural explanations; drug therapy. 	 The following specification content is: Reworded Title of topic changed from 'Psychopathology' to 'Clinical Psychology and Mental Health'. Definitions of abnormality changed to 'Definitions in the field of mental health'. Deviation from social norms changed to 'deviation from social/ cultural norms.' Reordered 'deviation from ideal mental health' is now the first definition. This now reads: Definitions in the field of mental health: deviation from ideal mental health, deviation from social/ cultural norms, failure to function adequately and statistical infrequency.

© 2024 AQA 7 of 10

Paper 2 Current specification content	Paper 2 Updates to specification content
Research methods • Experimental method. Types of experiment, laboratory and field	The following specification content is:
 experiments; natural and quasi-experiments. Observational techniques. Types of observation: naturalistic and controlled observation; covert and overt observation; participant 	RemovedConfounding variables.
 and non-participant observation. Self-report techniques. Questionnaires; interviews, structured and unstructured. 	RewordedSampling 'techniques' changed to sampling 'methods'.
 Correlations. Analysis of the relationship between co-variables. The difference between correlations and experiments. 	 *New* Control groups added to Scientific processes. This bullet point now reads:
Scientific processes	 Control: random allocation and counterbalancing,
Aims: stating aims, the difference between aims and hypotheses.Hypotheses: directional and non-directional.	randomisation, standardisation and control groups.
 Sampling: the difference between population and sample; sampling techniques including random, systematic, stratified, opportunity and volunteer; implications of sampling techniques, including bias and generalisation. 	
Pilot studies and the aims of piloting.	
• Experimental designs: repeated measures, independent groups, matched pairs.	
 Observational design: behavioural categories; event sampling; time sampling. 	
 Questionnaire construction, including use of open and closed questions; design of interviews. 	

© 2024 AQA 8 of 10

Paper 2 Current specification content	Paper 2 Updates to specification content
 Variables: manipulation and control of variables, including independent, dependent, extraneous, confounding; operationalisation of variables. 	
• Control: random allocation and counterbalancing, randomisation and standardisation.	
Demand characteristics and investigator effects.	
Ethics, including the role of the British Psychological Society's code of ethics; ethical issues in the design and conduct of psychological studies; dealing with ethical issues in research.	
 The role of peer review in the scientific process. 	
The implications of psychological research for the economy.	
Data handling and analysis	
• Quantitative and qualitative data; the distinction between qualitative and quantitative data collection techniques.	
Primary and secondary data, including meta-analysis.	
 Descriptive statistics: measures of central tendency – mean, median, mode; calculation of mean, median and mode; measures of dispersion; range and standard deviation; calculation of range; calculation of percentages; positive, negative and zero correlations. 	
 Presentation and display of quantitative data: graphs, tables, scattergrams, bar charts. 	
Distributions: normal and skewed distributions; characteristics of normal and skewed distributions.	

© 2024 AQA 9 of 10

AS PSYCHOLOGY - 7181 - SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Paper 2 Current specification content	Paper 2 Updates to specification content
 Introduction to statistical testing; the sign test. When to use the sign test; calculation of the sign test. 	

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